Management of Cerebral Palsy: A COMPARATIVE STUDY BETWEEN SINGLE TREATMENT APPROACH & A COMBINATION OF APPROACHES

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ABSTRACT

Background:

Cerebral palsy is the commonest condition encountered by pediatric occupational

therapists. All over the world occupational therapists frequently use a combination of

treatment approaches in the management of CP, but in Bangladesh its reliability is not

established yet.

Aim of the study:

The study sought to determine whether combination of treatment approaches is more

effective or not than any single treatment approach in the management of cerebral

palsy.

Method:

All 10 participants were conveniently recruited and randomly assigned either in the

control group or in the experimental group.

Study design:

True experimental:

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Result:

Subjects in the combination of approaches (experimental) group showed significantly greater improvement in postural control, gross motor skills, fine motor skills and muscle tone reduction than the control group.

Conclusion:

These findings suggest that a combination of treatment approaches is more effective than any single treatment approach in the management of cerebral palsy.

Key words:

Occuparional Therapy, Cerebral Palsy, Postural Control, Gross Motor Skills, Fine Motor Skills, Muscle Tone, Neurodevelopmental Treatment, Motor Learning Theories, Movement Therapy of Brunnstrom, Sensory Integrative Therapy.