

**UNDERSTANDING THE WORK REHABILITATION PROGRAMME AT
CENTRE FOR THE REHABILITATION OF THE PARALYSED (CRP) IN**

BANGLADESH:

**A COMPARATIVE STUDY BETWEEN CRP AND EXISTING WORK
REHABILITATION PROGRAMME PRACTICES IN SAARC COUNTRIES.**

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ABSTRACT

The study design was set up as descriptive and analytical type of qualitative research. This study has tried to understand the work rehabilitation programme (WRP) at the Centre for the Rehabilitation of the Paralyzed (CRP), Bangladesh. Also tries to understand WRP in the South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC) countries. WRP is a process by which a person can lead a productive life. CRP has started that programme but needs to upgrade that programme. Occupational Therapy can give intervention about that field. If the WRP is effective then patient will be directly benefited. So for the welfare of the patient ultimately benefits from the recommendations provided for CRP about WRP based on the comparison. The data were generated through direct (face to face discussion) and indirect way (through e-mail). Semi structured questionnaire were used to collect data. All the participants were occupational therapist at CRP and specialized SCI hospital in SAARC countries. The findings reflect that the WRP situation at CRP is on the right track but needs to develop various part of WRP including assessment, different approaches as well as evaluation of services.

Key words: Work Rehabilitation Programme, Spinal Cord Injury, and Occupational Therapy.